Health & Wellbeing

Speech Sounds



Outline of how speech sounds are acquired by children between the ages of 0-5 years

1 YEAR OF AGE

The child babbles using different sounds like "bababa" or "putudume" and copies different sounds you say. By 1½ years your child uses the sounds that are easiest to make like m, p, b, d, w, and h and babbles sounds together like real sentences, such as "bapotimawabe". You will understand you child about 25% of the time.

2 YEARS OF AGE

The child uses sounds like m, p, b, w, t, d, n, and h. Most vowel sounds are said correctly e.g. ah, ee, i, oh, oo. You will now understand your child between 50 to 75% of the time. By 2½ years of age the child uses some sounds at the beginning and end of words. Your child may also repeat easier sounds like "bubu" for bubbles or leave off harder sounds like "ba" for ball, bat, or bus.

3 YEARS OF AGE

Uses sounds like m, p, b, w, t, d, n, h, k, g, f, s, y, vowels, and ng e.g. sing. You will understand your child 75% of the time. By 3½ years your child uses sounds at the beginning of words (bus instead of us) and at the end of words (boat instead of boa). Your child now uses vowel sounds correctly almost all of the time.

4 YEARS OF AGE

Your child_uses sounds like m, p, b, w, t, d, n, h, k, g, f, y, l, s, z, sh, ch, j, vowels, and ng. You now understand your child over 90% of the time. Your child now uses 'l' blends and 's' blends, such as 'blue' and 'stop' and is easily understood by siblings, friends, parents, and strangers.

5 YEARS OF AGE

Your child says most sounds correctly, including r, however v and th may still be developing.

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Speech Sound Development Chart

It is normal for there to be considerable variation in the ages at which children develop particular speech sounds.

This chart shows the age at which 75% of children can correctly produce a sound (e.g. 75% of 4 year olds are able to correctly say 'sh').

	Early sounds	3	3 ½	4	4 ½	5	6	8
m								
h								
р								
n								
d								
w								
ng								
b								
t								
у								
k								
g								
f								
I								
ch								
sh								
j								
S								
z								
r								
v								
th								

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WHAT CAN PARENTS DO?

If you are concerned about your child's speech development, it is recommended that you have their hearing checked by an audiologist. If you cannot understand your child as described above or if your child becomes frustrated when attempting to communicate, then it is advised that you see a Speech Pathologist.

References:

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